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Language/literature department to be split in reorganization

of language and literature has been agreed upon by facul- ment. ty members and administrators.

President Donald Darnton, in a letter yesterday to members of the language and literature department, an nounced that the split of the department into two departmow head for the department of English.

Search for that position is being launched an ment of communications. possible. Setting up of guidelines for that search is still progressing and upon completion of those guidelines The English faculty members will meet to implement that search. That meeting will be me later than Tuesday afternoon.

Harold Cooper, dean of arts and sciences, met with por- viser to The Chart who is serving as head of the language

Formation of a new department of English and one other tions of the language and literature faculty over the past department, yet unnamed, from the existing department two weeks to discuss the possible division of the depart-

It was the consensus of those meetings, according to the president, that the split be made. One group will form a department of English. The other group, consisting of journalism, speech, and foreign language faculty ments will become effective with the appointment of a members, will form the other new department. The second group's identity has not been determined, but discussion has centered on the establishment of a depart-

> What that new department's actual name will be, what its mission, programs, or make-up will be, however, has not been decided, and discussions among various faculty groups will proceed before a final decision is matter

President Darnton, Vice President Floyd Belk, and Dr. Richard Massa, associate professor of journalism and ad-

tinue to serve in that capacity until a mee head of the ment, which would implement programs in print and English department is appointed.

tional search and is expected to be broad in scope. English faculty.

Blevins, Dr. Jimmy Couch, Dr. Elliot Denniston, Miss permit greater development in that area, as well, with Lucille Dinges, Dr. Helen Gardner, George Greeniee, Dr. new course offerings and new approaches being con-Henry Harder, Dr. Joseph Lambert, Mrs. Grace Mitchell, sidered. Dr. Henry Morgan, Dr. Harry Preble, Mrs. Bobble Short, Dale Simpson, Dr. Ann Slanine, Mrs. Doris Walters, and Massa said of the new department that "it would simply Dr. Harry Zuger.

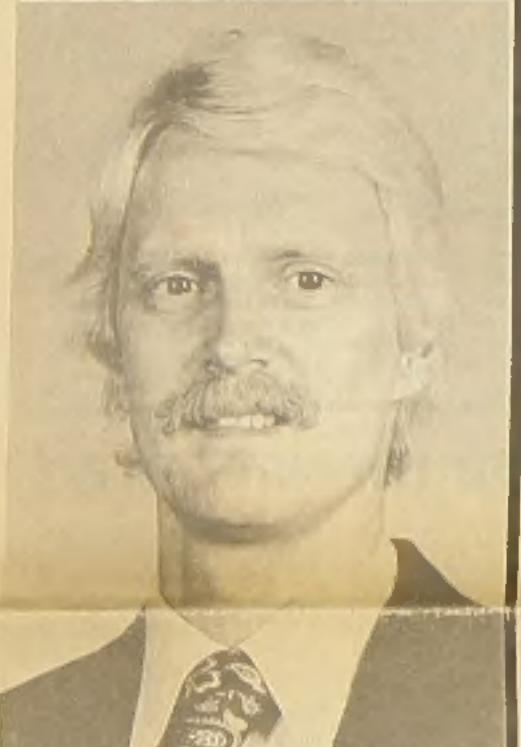
Bodon, Dr. Carmen Carney, Mrs. Mary Lynn Cornwell, terest is our recommon bond, but other departments are Richard Finton, Craig Hutchison, and Vernon Peterson.

and literature department this academic year, will rese The feasibility of establishing a communications depart-'broadcast journalism over a period of years, has been in the discussion stage for a number of years. Costs of such The search for the English department head is to be a new programs remain a problem, but preliminary discussions this year have centered on other possible approaches to Criteria for the appointment will be determined by the upgrading the current offerings in speech, foreign languages, and journalism.

Forming the English department will be Mrs. Enid Establishment of the English department is expected to

be use of several departments on campus concerned with the theory and practice of human communica-Forming the other department will be Massa, Dr. Harold tion-whether in written, oral, or visual form. That in-

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Bruce Voeiler

Debate tomorrow on homosexuality

Dr. Bruce Voeller, gay rights activist, and Mike Thompson, spokesperson for Anita Bryant's "Save Our Children" crusade, will be speakers at tomorrow's "Homosexuality: The Last Debate" scheduled for 11 a.m. in Taylor Auditorium. Students, faculty and staff will be admitted free with a Missouri Southern ID and the public will be charged \$2. The event m sponsored without support or opposition to the insue by the College Union Board.

Issues to be debated include "Are homosexuals a threat to family?", "Teachers, homosexuality and education," "Civil liberties and homosexuality," and "Is it natural to be gay?"

Thompson is a Florida Republican who was active in the presidential campaigns of Richard Nixon and Ronald Reagan. He was the Republican nominee for lieutenant governor in 1974 and has been chairperson of the Florida Conservative Union since 1976.

During Anita Bryant's Dade County campaign against gay rights he served as communications director and general coordinator and spokesperson. More recently he was writer and producer of the two documentaries for the American Conservative Union, "There is No Panama Canal. There is an American Canal at Panama," and "Soviet Might and American Myth: The United States in Retreat."

Dr. Voeller graduated Phi Beta Kappa from Reed College in Oregon and earned his doctorate in developmental and evolutionary biology at Rockefeller University where he remained on the faculty several years after. He is the author of five books and numerous articles im genetics and biology.

His involvement with the gay rights movement began when he joined the New York Gay Activist Alliance and was some elected president. He then resigned from his teaching position and began full time civil rights works in the gay rights movement. With the late Dr. Howard Brown, New York's former Health Commissioner, he created the National Gay Task Force.

As an activist he has been fundamental in introduction of the federal gay rights bill now co-sponsored by over 40 members of Congress. His work helped bring about elimination of the "sickness" label by the American Psychiatric Association and adoption of gay rights resolutions by the National Council of Churches and American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Ad hoc committee releases SIR report

adopted by the faculty for use this year. A special la presented to the Faculty Senate each year. meeting of the Senate will be held at 9:30 p.m. Monday to liscuss the committee's recommendations.

The committee was charged with the task of developing a replacement for the present SIR, and recommend a plan to implement the form within the present system.

questionnaire which will fit as wide a runge of teaching situations as possible," said the committee in its report.

The new questionnaire," said the report, "consists of two pages; the first page has nine questions on it relating the faculty member's skill as perceived by the student. and how the student perceives the partie and content. Each of the nine questions is rated one through five, five new form. being the highest.

The second page contains questions structured for students' comments. Students are esked to explain their ratings of the faculty member on the first nine questions. There is also a tenth question for other student com-

During the 1979 summer session the new form was tested in same clauses. "Especially well received was the structured comment page," used the committee. "Slight the faculty input this summer."

Although the committee felt that the new form (dubbed ICES-Instruction and Course Evaluation) would work well, they feel that it should be reviewed: "However, a periodic review of the form, and of the total rating system for students on the block).

week released its report on student evaluations to the recommended," said the committee, "that a systematic ing of the class period. . . . general faculty. The committee recommends that the review be conducted each year by an appropriate faculty form that was designed and tested this summer be committee on evaluation and that their recommendations

The committee also advised caution when comparing Southern's results to any national norms for, said the committee, "It would at best have little meaning. In addition, department heads and others who make decisions should be aware of this au that the evaluation of faculty is not made un the basis of apparent differences which do The committee has attempted to develop a student not in fact waise sever the total range of different classes and courses a faculty member might teach."

It was also said that adjustments should be made when comparing cross-campus results. "Teaching conditions do contribute predictable variations in ratinge."

The committee also voiced concern over the differences in rating of different disciplines and for the security of the

The committee submitted the following recommenda-

A. The new student evaluation form should be used in tions with determination of exact weighting factors to be place of the SIR for the next two years on a trial basis.

H. There should be an evaluation committee appointed education courses and Composition 100) have their scores each year to review the system and make recommenda- increased by 5 percent. All general education courses (extions to the Faculty Senate.

and an accumulative average of the latest two years used discipline rating should then be calculated by weighting in the faculty evaluation.

Faculty Senate's ad hoc committee on evaluations this is essential if they are to remain functional. It is further E. The student evaluation should be given at the beginn-

F. The new form would be on NCR (No Carbon Required) paper so that there would be two copies of the first page. When the student turns in his form, the top page will be removed and placed in a separate pile. One pile iconsisting of the top pages) should be placed in the vault at the Business Office and the other pile (second page plus comment page) should be placed in the vault in the Registrar's office. When the faculty turn in their grades at the end of the semester, they may pick up the copy in the Registrar's office.

G. The raw scores for the student ratings should be calculated directly from the new form. There are nine questions, each having a rating of 1 to 5. Thus, if an instructor received all 5's on the form the score would be 9(6)=46. If the instructor received 5 6's and 4 4's then the score would be 6(6) + 4(4)= 41, etc. All the scores for a given class should then be averaged over the number of students in that class.

Recognition should be made of different teaching situadecided on a new ad hoc committee on evaluation. It was suggested that lower division classes (except general cept Composition 100) should have their scores increased by 10 percent. All Composition 100 courses should have changes were made in sums of the questions as a result of C. The student evaluation should be given every semester their scores increased by 16 percent. The instructor's each class according to the number of students in that class (but not more than 15) and finding the average over D. The student evaluation should be given in the 13th all classes. The college rating for that instructor would and 14th weeks of the semester (during the eighth week then be calculated by finding the appropriate discipline correction factor from an overall average of the SIR data.

Murname condemns federal regulations

By Marie Ceselski

Ed Murname was the speaker last Tuesday morning for a program on free enterprise sponsored by Ma College Union Board. The event was attended by approximately 160 students and faculty from Business Administration, and some older members of the Joplin community.

Employed by the Do All Company, based in Illinois, he has spent the past three years traveling ill states and presenting the slide show-lecture to over 400 companies, business and professional organizations, and schools. He also a former congressional side and political reporter.

"The reason I'm here is to help spread this message of free enterprise. There's talk of pollution but the greatest pollution we have today is that of the endangered species-the American businessman and businesswoman," explained Murname.

"You'd be surprised how many people don't know what free enterprise is and how it works," mentioned the speaker.

"Lack of education" on the subject and "reluctance of the academic world to intensify learning of free enterprise' were noted by the pro-capitalist spokesperson.

have Dr. Julio Leon, dean of Business Administration, as two necessities of free enterprise and "most specificaldevelop a general education course to better inform ly it means business without government interference." students of the American economic system and their role in it. Such a course, if accepted, will be a comparison of the American free enterprise system to other economic systems of the world, and would be a required marrie for graduation.

The system is important to companies and their employees, an educators because they are paid from tax dollars which depend upon the stability of the economy, and affects the average consumer whose quality of goods purchased reflects a strong free market, according to Murname.

"Free enterprise is not new. In the year 1776 not only was the Declaration of Independence issued but a man by the name of Adam Smith published The Wealth of Nations, which is really our best expression of capitalism and free enterprise," he advised.

"[It] actually has roots in the 16th Century during the Protestant Reformation . . . Then, it was the Industrial Revolution which nurtured our system," the speaker

Missouri Southern's Board of Regents recently moved to He described "individual choice" and "individual risk"

"We work so the premise of a balance of supply and demand with products of the best value, at the least cost, and greatest profit for the producer . . . In effect when roossmes shop it's like voting and dollar bills are the ballots," he defined.

One of the great questions of the day, reported Murname, was whether tools of productivity should be controlled by the private business sector or the government.

"In England," he told, "most of the major industries have been socialized and it's terrible. Medicine is socialized and people spend months, area years, waiting to see doctors. Do we want this to happen in the United

Continuing, he expressed, "Here in the U.S. we've had a trend toward socialism. In the last twenty years we've changed to a structure of capitalism and socialism and adopted government controls more and more."

Continued on page 2

Class officers chosen as 211 cast ballots

Official election results from yesterday's Student Senate class officer elections have been released with a total of 211 students having voted by the 2 p.m. deadline.

Winner of the freshman presidential election was Rick Metsker with 48 votes. Trailing behind Metsker was Elizabeth Fisher 33, Llonel Smiles, 12 and write-in condidate Autum Raymond one vote. The vice-presidential race was won by J.L. Post with 49 votes and Diane Young not far behind with 41 votes. Two write-in candidates-Jill Porter and Jackie Booe-each had non vote apiece. In the secretary-treasurer balloting Lee Bogdsnich had fifty votes for the victory and Genea Routh took 37. Write-in candidates Wanda Marshall brought two votes and Debby Harper one vote.

In the sophomore class Shawn Degraff took the title of president with 35 votes and write-in candidate Chico Laptad had one. Also unchallenged was Gary Tallon with 31 votes but Brent Watkinson received five write-in votes. No name appeared on the ballot for sophomore secretarytreasurer but winner was write-in candidate Eric Brown with 8 votes. Tracy Jones took two write-in votes and eight others had one each. They were Mitch Kruse, William Carpenter, Kim Willoughby, Debbie Cross, Lanny Woodhull, Craig Bernheimer, Chris Lehman, Phil Robertson.

Junior class presidency was won by Carlo Klott with 26 votes. Three write-in votes each were cast for Christie Russell and Marie Ceselski. One write-in vote apiece was given to Shawn Boan, Donna Fojas, Richard Bigley, Art

Eberhart, Kevin Howard, J. Todd Belk and James Hill. Vice-president was captured by Vic England with 34 with and write-in votes given were three to Romona Winfield and mus each to Kevin Howard, Stephanie Nickels, Mark Poole, Debbie Dennison and Kurt Kolmeier, Campy Benson won the position of secretary-treasurer by 41 votes and Debbie Spooling, a write-in had one vote.

The senior class elected Greg Christy as president by 34 votes and write-ins Jay McKay and Pat Mayfield had one each. Mike Cigala took the office of vice-president Oglesby, Mike Youngblood, Glenn Edgin, and Kim through MI votes and there was one write-in for Linda Isles. Secretary-treasurer went to Steve Lindsay by 14 votes and one vote each went to write-ins Jill Duncan. David Jones, Robyn Housman, Robert Williams, Art Eberhart, Dan Allison, Sarak McAllister, John McKnight, Tom Malone, and Moose.

etcetera

Financial ald checks due

Students may pick up their balance of financial and tomorrow from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. in mem 208, bus sees office, Hearnes Hall

Checks will be administered for mholarships and band grants in this firms. Museult grant flows with the available to it according to the financial aids office.

Senate elections tomorrow

Student and the student and th 9 a.m. to 2 p.m in the College Union and Hearnes Hall. Students more their Manual Southern I.D. card in order to vote think in votes will be accepted. Each class has six seats to be filled

The freshman limit includes Nancy Jones, Jon Marquardt, Terri A. Miller, Juanita Smith, Elizabeth Fisher, Llonel Smiles, Marie Young, and Clenks Routh.

Sophomores may the from Christi Russell or Graham Todd Johnston III and Reser will be the only name and this junior ballot and Sheryl Carr in only mos in the senior talit.

Vets may get tutoring

Tutoring is available to veterans attending Missouri Southern and will not be charged against the veleran-student's educational enlittement Payment of Fig benefit was not authorized for World War il and Korean Conflict El Bill students, but under present law the Veterans Administration can pay as much as \$69 per month for lutorial manager up to a maximum of EHEE

Murname from page 1

"Government has usurped the preogatives of business owners with controls such as minimum wage, and regulations on age, race, and sex. When a government tries to redistribute the wealth, efficiency is hampered and the results are disastrous," stated Murname.

'So why do we have this loss of freedom-largely because the schools have not educated Americans on our free enterprise system," he pointed aut.

Further claims included, "They (students) do not learn that, by definition, government doesn't mix well with free enterprise. Government is here to protect us and defend our safety, not invade business and the free market."

Government bureacracy, he said, was costing the average family \$2,000 yearly and in the past 20 years & new federal agencies arms created "just to tall business what it can and can't do." The wast of government paperwork is 130 million hours at \$40 hillion and one in every six employed Americans works for the government screen ding to the speaker.

Murname talk the group that an official in the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare has

tury show one half the population will be working to support the other half.

part in the political process and added, "Many people dustry stifled by government regulation and then wanquestion how much one person can do. They're skeptical. ting to be bailed out. Well, look at people Ralph Nader, Madeline O'Hare. and then on the other side is Henry Ford, the Wright "There's no real problem here. Someone else will fill their brothers, . . . so you see one wan make a difference.

"Even beyond the political process we must make an immediate step toward protecting free enterprise. We must About energy Murname said the government was spencontinue our selling job. . We must attain sound social objectives through a me economy," stated Murname.

After the formal program the speaker took questions from the audience which included inquiry in company responsibilities, freedom to take risks, and the relationship of free enterprise to the energy situation.

where to make the most money, and to customers to trols and mistakes in allocation. make the best product," he said.

reported to him that predictions for the end of the cen. On Chrysler Corporation's financial crisis Murname excompany with financial aid. And concerning risks he said, "A lot of people have sold their souls. They are (Chrysler) The encouraged the audience in register to vote and take had poor management but it's a classic example of an in-

> contracts. . . another manufacturer can absorb the employees," he reported.

ding turns money regulating energy-related companies than the companies actually make. "You know, it's no wonder they're investing in other interests with the government making it impossible for them to investigate and produce more," he explained.

Murname continued, "I'm not defending the energy industries but it's just fact that government regulations "A company has an obligation to be an productive an are holding them back. We all know now that the mess possible. It has the responsibility to stockholders and this summer with gasoline lines was strictly due to con-

English from page 1

concerned with some of the same matters, so the name 'communications department' might his misleading."

However, he explained, members of the new department have alared ideas on a variety of approaches and ideas.

"There was arms enthusiasm expressed about sums concepts after anym initial doubts. My own personal dreams are for a department that will establish programs in radio and television, in films and photography, in advertising and public relations as well as in print media.

But we also want to see greater development of the foreign languages and the development of the concept of international communications. The day will come, perhaps sooner than success might realize, when we shall publish a foreign language newspaper on campus, starting out perhaps with one page in French, Spanish, or German and then progressing to a unce a semester edition in one foreign language."

Massa further said that such a new department would

probably sant to develop the debate and forensics program and give mere attention to oral interpretation.

"Certainly there would be no immediate broad changes. The various programs would continue as they are, but with this new association a greater amount of unified planning could begin. We could, at the present time, structure rather easily a major in communications from our present offerings in journalism, speech, languages, 28. and the social schools. Such a program would be comparable to that being offered at major universities. We would wish to see however, more creetivity in any program mu might develop.'

As to a head for the new department, no plans for a (in department alignments)." search for that position have been announced.

department organization felt that a new department ground, enough so to convince the dean, the vice presiwould enable those persons to have meen voice in their dent, and me. They are some kinds of things that can planning and that two departments, instead of the cur- open doors. So there are some possibilities. It may lead to rent one, would give arts and sciences a stronger voice in a new degree program, but it doesn't have to." campus policy-making decisions.

President Darnton explained that the reason for making the decision now to divide the department was "a matter of timing. The timing was such that deadlines for the professional journals and publications where we would advertise (the search for a department head) is upon us."

Massa explained that deadline for edvertising in the leading professional journal concerning English is Sept.

Darnton said that the "breadth of the language and " literature department, as now structured, was greater than I have known before. I think it is better for students and the College if we can get to a common denominator

As for the new department to be formed, Dr. Darnton English faculty members in discussing the change in said that those involved "felt they stood on common

John Goldbach tours Europe with adventures to be remembered

By Joe Angeles

John Goldbach. The name is not a household word around the campus of Southern but the tall, slender, English major is more adventurous than meets the eye. Goldbach is a junior from Bartlesville, Okla., but he did not return to his hometown this summer and instead ventured to Europe for two months.

"I was looking forward to this trip for a long time and it was a tremendous experience," said Goldbach. "I was not really surn what plane we www going to take to Europe but when we tried to get a seat un Freddie Laker's Airbus we discovered we were one of four people waiting for the same seat.

After departing frum New York Goldbach's first stop was Athens. Much time was spent at the ruins of the Acropolis. Being on a very strict budget of about 15 dollars a day Goldbach had little money to spend on luxuries.

"My friend and I were very lucky that we were backpacking to help us save some money and it also gave III a better picture of Europe, if you ran do that in only a two month span," said Goldbach. "While we were in Greece, touring the ruins, we were kind of suprised at the prices they were charging for guided tours of the ruins and how inferior a tour it was for m \$30 price tag."

In Athens, Goldbach lodged at the equivalent of a "Greek YMCA.

"The first night I was in Europe I almost drowned while I was sleeping. It seemed that there was a shower in the adjoining room that was left on and I was awaken by a wave of water.'

"The people of Greece were really friendly and seemed to have a pretty easy life. One man we talked to worked from 10 to 2 then was off and returned to work 5 to 6 and finished the day by working 7 to 9 and according to him that was the way most of the workers' schedule was fixed.

"On our last day in Greece we were riding a train and I thought I was in the twilight zone," said Goldbach. "The car we were riding was packed with people. My friend and I had packs an and these old ladies behind us were making arises like a goat. On the other half of the car there was a bunch of drunks laying on the floor drinking and sometimes vomiting. These little kids kept trying to steal things out of our packs and offering these old ladies cigarettes if they would keep making the gost naises. It was weird."

In order to get to Italy, the student had to board a boat because he could not ride a train that went through Yugoslavia. During the trip backpackers are only sold a ticket that allows them to sleep on the deck of the ship. The packers are very friendly and parties go on through the night on the deck of the

"That night, on the boat, there were these Greek soldiers who kept trying to put the moves on this girl from New Zealand who we met the night before. And these soldiers kept giving her a hassie so I casually walked up to her and in my best British accent that I could muster said 'Hey Sis, Mom wants you down in the cabin right now. And we both just walked away!"

Before he left the boat to enter Italy the custom agents came on board the boat with dogs and made all the packers sit down on the deck. Then

the agents walked the dogs behind everyone checking for drugs. While in Italy Goldbach stayed in "pension" homes owned by families. They rent out the extra rooms to packers as a source of income.

"While we were visiting the top of Mount Vesuvius we were caught in a heavy rain storm that kinds made me wonder if the old mount was going to blow again. But you know how your imagination can be," said Goldbach. "I was really amazed at the Vatican and St. Peters. It's hard w believe all the art and how beautiful everything in That's pretty much the me throughout the other countries as well. All the old examples of architecture are an well preserved."

"The young Italian girls and German girls we would see later proved to be the best looking and feshion minded during our stay.

After leaving Italy Goldbach headed to Spain but only stayed several days due in terrible rains that they encountered. On the train ride from Italy through Spain and into France, Goldbach was faced with three day fast

"When we left Italy we forgot to get some Spanish currency and when we arrived in Spain the banks were closed because it was an election day so we had to get back on the train. When we stopped the next time it was almost midnight and all the banks were closed and when we finally got to France it was Sunday and I was blacking out ever an often because of my hunger.

"While we were in Paris most of our time was devoted to the museums and touring the buildings with great architectural value, like Notre Dame. The art in their museums is

so impressive. Michelangelo's David is just awesome. Il seems to stand larger than life. Then, the Mona Lisa is smaller than I thought but it draws the attention of a very large crowd.

In Paris the night life was more for the well-to-do then college students backpacking across the country. At the famous Moulin Rouge admission is \$75 with a \$25 minimum per person un drinks.

"Our final three days in France were spent at the French Grand Prix in Dijon. That had in be the most and joyable part of the trip because right there in front of me was Jody Schenker and all the racing greats that I have been reading about all my life. We had general admission seats and were allowed to sit anywhere along the track. It was really exciting.

Goldbach left France and went through the Swiss Alps but illil not spend any time in Switzerland because of the high cost of living. After their train ride through the Alps Goldbach arrived in Vienna and went to a concert by the Vienna Symphony Orchestra.

"The concert was outstanding but a bit uncomfortable. The sound levels were about the same as mount rock concerts I have been to here in the U.S. If the seats were a bit mare comfortable it would have been a perfect evening.

Goldbach had grown accustomed to riding the trains free in Vienne by taking a seat in the last pur where the conductors never checked for tickets but this almost backfired when he arrived in Germany.

"We were riding in the last car when

the conductor entered the car asking for tickets. When we told him we had no tickets he told us that was the equivalent of a \$5 fine and that was one third of my daily budget. So I told him I wasn't about to pay that and he took me by the arm and maid we would go to the police. So I paid the fine and, went hungry before arguing with the Munich police force.

Goldbach enjoyed Munich nightlife. It consisted mainly of street musimans sitting on the corners playing selections from Bob Dylan, John Denver. The Beatles, and other contemporary musicians. The musicians had their cases open next to them and people would throw them money.

"While in Munich we ate at McDonald's. I still can't believe it but we were getting closer in the end of mus trip and we wanted a good meal for a change. It cost me 7 dollars for a hamburger, a 14 pounder, an order of fries, and a shake. But it sure tested good."

On his final day in Germany Goldbach visited East Berlin. After filling out the proper papers to enter the country, which took about an hour, Goldbach noticed that the older buildings were not as well preserved sa in the other countries that he visited.

"The older buildings looked as if they were ready to fall apart. And the people were very quiet and summi ed just to be going about their business. One strange thing was a 100 foot line just to get into the grocery stars in East Berlin. The stores only carried one brand and size of every product and this was the case in most of Europe. There is no use of preservative and artificial coloring in the food or drink."

Goldbach caught a boat crossing the English Channel in Brugges, Belgium, and as they neared England he was struck by the Whitecliffs of Dover.

"They were so white. And it looked as if they jump straight out of the channel and the they blended right into the fields on its sides."

While in England the student spent much of his time in London. He viewed the Crown Jewels, the changing of the guard, Madame Trusseau'a Wax Museum, the Who's new movie The Kids are Alright and visited Stonehenge.

"The Jewels, the guard, and the wax museum mare kind of a bore but Stonehenge was hard to believe. The size of the stones and the construction is hard to imagine and in the fields surrounding Stonehenge there were farmers harvesting their crops, hardly even noticing the great monument.

"Most of the evenings we were in London we spent in Piccadilly Cir-That was a real experience. It mas almost a show just watching the different people walking around. The punks with their green and yellow hair and the Teddy's who are Elvis idols. The Tube (subway) was also a thrilling experience one night when these two gangs were causing trouble and mm of them almost pulled out his gun."

Goldbach's trip ended in London where he caught a flight back to New York.

"The trip was really enjoyable. We were pretty lucky to still be alive. That may be a little drastic. Maybe it can be best said that we weren't harmed because we spent many a night sleeping on the floor of train stations and sometimes outside the train stations. Once we arrived in Greece we were lucky to get five hours of sleep a night but it well worth it."

ONLY 211 PERSONS CARED ENOUGH TO VOTE YESTERDAY

Will YOU Care Enough TOMORROW?

Only 30 hear commissioner tell of PSC's control of utilities

By Marie Ceselski

Fewer than Mi persons-students, faculty and newspersons-attended last Thursday's convocation by representatives of the Missouri Public Service Commission. PSC speakers were Commissioner Larry Dorhity, a 28-year Md Republican Springfield attorney, and Ken Rademan, director of the PSC's Utility Division. The event same sponsored by the College Union Board and open to the public.

The small group moved from the College Union Bellroom into Dining Room Cat the request of the PSC officials who thought a more informal program was in order. During a question and namer forum the duties of the PSC, especially jurisdiction on nuclear power by utilities, were discussed.

"Our job is to see the consumer gets fair services, safe services, and that the utilities receive a reasonable fair return an their investment." explained Dorhity.

He continued, "We have jurisdiction over investor-owned utilities in the state, but, then, you run into other areas which fall under the FCC, ICC, NRC, . . . so it's technical."

Dorhity described the PSC as a bipartisan body of five commissioners of which there are currently three Democrats, one Republican, and one Independent. Gov. Joseph missioner Dorhity.

are our biggest thing," he said "They file with the commission for an increase and we do an audit, an justified.

testimony of both the utilities and the consumers and then there is cross examination. Everything is for public record and is transcribed so we can review it before decision is made. Most of the time we all can't make it to hearings so the record is important, as important as if I were there," told Dorhity.

"The public," says the commissioner, "is represented by the Office of Public Counsel. This is separate from us. They take complaints an services as well as the customer's come during the rate hearings."

"Usually at the hearings people come forward to talk about the adequacy of the service or tell how an increase is going to affect their family," he mentioned.

Persons may contact the Office of Public Counsel by writing to P.O.

Teasdale appoints the members Box 1216, Jefferson City State Ofupon advice and consent of the fice Building, Jefferson City, Missouri Senate and they more for Missouri 65101 or calling six year terms. Consumer advocate 314-751-4857. Address for the Alberta Slavin currently chairs the Missouri Public Service Commission group of attorneys, educators, and is P.O. Box IIII in Jefferson City business persons, according to Com- and business phone # 314-751-3234 Direct complaints can be made by calling the toll free Consumer "Rates and for the electric utilities Hotline at 800-392-4211. There are additional PSC offices in Kansas City and St. Louis.

investigation, to see if it's Rademan reported that the Utility Division has 101 employees including engineers, educators, "At hearings we hear expert economists, attorneys, and persons with degrees in business, all who provide technical assistance to the

> "Our case load is the largest in PSC history-130 cases now pending, of which all were rate increases," said Rademan.

"Those 31 man could amount to a 3475 million dollar increase to the public if granted Compare that with 1974 when the 21 major rate in-DESIGN BARRA amounted in \$86.5 million dollars," he mentioned.

The director further explained, "... last year utilities had a revenue of \$2.6 billion; it's doubled within the last five years.'

"We're always expanding, especially with addition of the nuclear industry. You students might check me out for employment," he added.

Concerning complaints received by the PSC, Dorhity told that in the 12 month period ending July 1978 they had received 8,248 complaints, most of which were handled informally. He said the toll free hot line had been instrumental in this process and had proved to be an asset. Currently eight persons are employed by the PSC to handle the hotline complaints.

Dorhity* and Rademan informed that the PSC not only grants rate inreseases but rate decreases as well. "In 1975 at Sullivan, Mo.," explained Rademan, "a utility company asked for and received a rate in-ATMARK but after a three year audit by Wolf Creek's construction. PSC it was discovered that the company should have received a About the possibility of the Joplin decrease, not an increase.

'Now we have a situation where the utility is going to have to either refund an average of and to each of its 7,800 customers or provide free sersize for up to three years for some, the director said.

About nuclear power Commissioner Dorhity told, "Nuclear power is inevitable. It's coming and we're not prepared. Some of us have been saying for years that we should get

Talking about Missouri's first nuclear power plant he went on, "We've just issued a temporary in-

junction against Calloway II and Union Electric will be issued a show cause order. We question whether er not a second nuclear power plant is needed. Our current reports say that Calloway I is all they need and the extra cost would just be passed an to customers."

On nuclear power for the Joplin area neither speaker knew of any direct connection between Empire District Electric Company of Joplin and the Wolf Creek Power plant of Kenses.

Upon further questioning, however, it was noted that the Joplin utility was related to the utilities in joint of

area being reviewed as a possible dump site for radioactive waste neither speaker knew of any such

Interest was expressed by the group on the transportation of radioactive waste from Three Mile Island by Tri State Transit of Joplin through Missouri to its dump site in Washington. Dorhity and Rademan were to mail with Tri State Transit officials later in the day to discuss

According to the commissioner, Missouri, because there are no laws pertaining to the transportation of radioactive waste, has no actual jurisdiction over the matter. Other

surrounding states, says Dorhlty, have such laws or laws which can be used to stop the transportation through their boundaries. He mentioned that next spring a hazardous waste bill would be introduced in the Missouri Legislature and would gain passage, therefore, giving Missouri some "say so" on the issue.

Some information on nuclear power plants was given by Dorhity: "Plants have | life span of somewhere between 30 and 40 years after which they must be decommissioned. This is due to radioactivity. The chemical breakdown makes it ton dangerous."

Rademan added, "Now the utilities, in their plug for nuclear power, will say how cheap nuclear power is. And it is. The cost is in building the plants and, then, eventually, decommissioning them. And we still don't know how that's going to be done."

Both speakers said that it was the public's right to know about nuclear power and that the time to learn is now. Dorhity told the group they should try to visit the Calloway plant while being built, since tours are available.

"It's a tremendous operation to see this monstrous structure. You can all the safety precautions. Everything's doubled for safety. People should really take this opportunity." Dorhity finished.

5 courses to begin

Five Continuing Education classes are scheduled to begin this evening Missouri Southern, according to Dr. David Bingman, director. They include classes in Weaving, Tole Painting, Career/Life Planning, Rapid Reading, and Beginner's Steined Glass.

Weaving, taught by Sylvia Jones, will begin tonight and meet from 7 to 9 in Art Building, room 107 for 8 weeks. Students will learn several ways of accomplishing the weaving process and making objects of their choice. The fee is \$20 which does not include materials. One semester hour of continuing education credit is offered. Enrollment is the first evening of class.

Tole Painting will meet on Thursdays for 6 weeks from 6:30 to 9:15 p.m. in Hearnes Hall, room 109. Taught by Jane Pierce, the course is designed to teach students how to use controlled brush strokes and colto add the third dimension to an object. Shading and highlighting procedures will also be taught. One semester hour of continuing education credit is offered with a class fee of \$30 which does not include supplies. The class has minimum of 10 students needed with enrollment at the first meeting.

Career/Life Planning, a 10-week seminar, will meet on Thursdays from 1 to 1 p.m. in the ECM conference room at Newman and Duqueene Roads. Taught by the Rev. Alex Wales, the seminar orientates participants to processes which increase awareness of personal skills, traits, and goals, which are marketable. It enables participants to discover effective procedures for conducting a job hunt (whether for the first job or a change of career) that is assertive and positive. The course also provides guidelines for helping individuals develop unran life goals which sustain their The non-credit class has a fee of \$20 first evening of class.

which does not include textbooks. Registration is at the first class

Rapid Reading will meet un Thursdays from 7 to 8:40 p.m. in the Gene Taylor Education-Psychology building, room 228 for 8 weeks. Taught by Dr. Leland Easterday this enrichment course is recommended for anyone who is an average reader with an ambition to increase both reading rate and comprehension. The course employs the individualized approach within a reading laboratory equipped with reading machines and printed materials especially designed to help students become more efficient readers. Self-tests are available for student progress and evaluation purposes. The class fee is \$20 with materials provided. One semester of continuing education credit is offered with a limit of 1h students. Enrollment is the first evening of CIRSS.

Beginners's Stained Glass, taught by Sam Loop, will meet from Wall to 2 p.m. Thursdays at Windfall Light Studio, 1901 Joplin Street. This course will provide fundamental instruction in stained glass procedures for the hobbyist. Students will be taught glass cutting, leading. foiling, and soldering. During the class students will build three projects including two small window ornaments and one large panel (retail value \$65). The non-credit class has a fee of \$60 which does not include materials and tools which should not exceed 355 The class has a limit of 8 students and students must preenroll. To pre-enroll students must contact the Continuing Education office at MSSC, phone 624-8100, amtension 258 and give their name and address. The class fee of Mill must be received within 5 days after preenrollment. Checks should be made payable to MSSC and sent to the Division of Continuing Education, MSSc, Joplin, MO 84801. Students employment after securing a job. will pay the tool and material fee the



1 out of 9 manufactures goods for export

last week to discuss in a CUB-sponsored program their agency's role in utility control

BSU tells semester plans

The Baptist Student Union announces its series of semester events for Christian fellowship to be held either in the College Union or the BSC at 1230 Duquesne Road.

Leonard Roten will be conducting period of Christian fellowship breakfasts at 7 a.m. Mondays in the old faculty dining area and Tuesday, from noon to 1 p.m., will be "Jesus Hour" with lunch in the College Union. Films, speakers, or Bible study will be used. It is B.Y.O.B. or bring your own Bible.

"Commuter Noon Day" will be Wednesdays from name to 1 p.m. in the College Union, Commuter students are encouraged to bring a sack lunch and participate in fellowship before leaving purpur for the day. "Soul Fellowship" for black students and their friends, will conducted at the BSC on Thursdays at 6:30 p.m. Kenric Conway, Missouri Southern alumnus and former football player will lead the services.

"Bodylife" at # p.m. on Fridays is # period of fellowship in the body of Christ directed toward dorm residents. Bible study, witnessing, share groups, and speakers will be cupy the time.

The BSC will hold victory gatherings at the centur after home football games on Saturdays. "Food and Fun" will be featured at 4 p.m. un Sundays for dorm students. A light meal will be served and fellowship will be held.

More than one out of every nine Americans employed in manufacturing industries are producing goods exported abroad and farmers nationwide depended upon exports for \$1 of avery \$4 of farm sales in 1977. Missouri received \$766 million from agricultural exports in 1977 and further took in \$1,622 million from 1976 manufecturing exports, pro-

mant of Agriculture. Exports also support employment in the trucking, fall transport, insurance, and other service industries.

viding direct employment for

estimated MINUU workers, according

to the Bureau of Census and Depart-

The U.S. Department of Commerce, however, reports that Americans are less concerned about exports than any other major industrial nation. The country has been traditionally preoccupied with its news continental economy says the Commerce Department and claims Americans mrn unaccustomed to thinking themselves as needing to be part of the world economy.

Locally the merchandise export business is found to be as important the state's welfare on the industry. Cardinal Scales Mfg. Co., Webb City, sends industrial scales; King Press, Inc., Joplin, distributes offset newspaper presses; General Irrigation Co., Carthage, produces irrigation equipment; and Midwestern Machines Co., Inc., Joplin, ships mining equipment and rock drills abroad.

Leading exporter of lead and zinc, Missouri accounted for about half of the U.S. shipments of these products totaling \$14.5 million. The state's copper sales of 11 million were also the highest surroug the five states exporting the metal.

Transportation equipment is largest of Missouri's manufacturing exports, accounting for nearly half the total. The state is the seventh largest U.S. exporter of the product. Missouri also ships abroad sizeable amounts of nonelectric machinery. electric and electronic equipment, and chemicals. Together, these four commodities account for elmost

four-fifths of the state's manufactured exports.

Direct export of transportation equipment from Missouri to foreign countries brought in \$769 million, machinery other than electric contributed \$196 million, electric and electronic equipment produced \$155 million, and chemicals and allied products supplied \$152 million to the state's 1976 economy.

Missouri profits not only from goods produces directly for shipment to foreign destinations but also from those which become enports through other states. The state's export figures for manufacturing exclude the output of supplying establishments that furnish parts and materials to manufaturers producing goods in final form for export.

Indirect exports of this nature are particularly important, reports the Commerce Department, to industries whose products require further processing such as primary metals, fabricated metal products, chemicals, and also in those industries whose products constitute

components and parts for assembly into machinery, electric equipment, and transportation equipment.

The state is the 15th largest exporter of manufactured goods with neighboring Illinois 3rd, Arkansas 28th, Kansas 31st, and Oklahoma

In agricultural exports the state is 12th in the nation with Illinois 1st. Kansas 6th, Nebraska 7th, Arkansas 11th, and Oklahoma 19th. Missouri farm sales took \$1 of every fill from exports in 1977.

Soybeans are the leading commodity exported from Missouri. The product brought in \$286 million to the state with feed grains contributing \$115 million to the economy. The sharp growth in exports of agricultural products from 1972 to 1977 accounted for an 18 percent rise in farm sales for Missourl. Nationally, in percent of American

farmer's soybean and soybean product crop was exported followed by cattle hides 55 percent, almonds 58 percent, rice 55 percent, cotton 45 percent, and wheat 40 percent.

Opinion

Campus should attend

Towns wis the big day! Right hare at Missouri Southern we're doing to live a may rights themale. Winite have thought we would De one of the few selects in the Midwest to bring such a programming is one thing, and attending is another. We sto to have grant course difficulties in allowing students an opportunity is view these educational events. The free flow of information is in a creeping into some chastooms. If we avoid that issues they will not an away no matter how dispently are faculty make the rare.

The Chart has brought adequate notice; faculty received a letter. and there are, or were, manual posters announcing the debate. There's no residue to assume any student or faculty. member will not be attending the feature due in a lack of information.

pure prejudice which also stops morne from being Taylor Auditorium tomorrow. After students have paid nearly 53 000 for the program you'd mink they'd be blowed to all and make make own judgements—use those college brains.

105, posses there are instructors who don't think their whole class should attend. But if there is symmums student who Wents to go then home should be dismissed without hurrassment

Time has more for students to be open about their difficulties in littending convocations, whether they are CUB or Special Events Committee sponsored. If you have difficulties, write to the CUB.

Whether you're pro or con or totally ignorant of the subject, let's pack that auditorium tomorrowl

Gun control needed

Louis Harris reports that me percent of those polled last year favored strong handgun control legislation while only 18 percent opposed such manufacture. Even among those who owned guns 71 percent favored control. Then, there is the National Rifle Association, linancially alive by gun manufacturers, which lobbles heavily against any control but which has never polled its entire membership on the question.

What is at stake in the control of handguns? Currently If you own a handgun or if one a owned within your household then you are twice as likely as the average American to be murdered, accidentally shot, or to commit suicide. There are million easily concealed weapons at large causing over 20,000 staths, 120,000 injuries and a half million gun confrontations each year.

This in madness—all for the sake of so-called freedom but more applicably it's the freedom of gun manufacturers and sallers of handguns and ammunition that are stake. The all the only statistic once again takes precedence over human lives. It is insanity perpetuated by a well financed lobby.

Contact Senators Danforth and Eagleton and Rep. Taylor about this issue. Tell them you're being denied life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness without threat or fear of being shot within your own neighborhood. Tell them you're smart enough to know the NRA a only thinking about itself—the gun industry.

Why free enterprise?

Here manus another general education requirement. Yes, some members of the Board of Regents are going to railroad through a new class-The American Economic System, in other words, it's the free enterprise routine, folks.

Not be totally disrespectful in our hero capitalists, but wouldn't we be better off just implementing economics into our social science classes, which they already do to some extent?





Marie Ceselski

Last week I touched a great nerve-College Union Board policy. To be fair to a parties concerned I must now take a punch at, yes-the Student Senate.

El Presidente' has some delusions of grandeur for his office; he may have got so excited with the title that he has forgot his duties. Already he is at fault. President Robert Mutrux II forgot to publicize my significant notice of filing for offices which were to come up for a vote this week. Had not been for The Chart, no one would have known it was election

Friday is balloting for senstorial blank provided on all balluts for this positions. Hopefully, students purpose. will get together and plan write-in compaigns to fill the positions. This So there it is in writing. We had needs to be a careful move, but just quite a brawl about it last year when one person writing in his/her own some persons, students and faculty, name for the heck of it. Don't abuse took the election into their hands the right.

Write-in votes are legal according to the Student Senate Constitution which states. "Any student may rust write-in vote on any Senstesponsored election by writing the name of a person who meets the qualification for the office. He shall designate that the written-in minis is his choice by writing it in the Senate will determine how many of

and decided it didn't matter what the Constitution said. If the Constitution is wrong then it should be changed, not just overlooked as those in power see fit.

I wonder if President Mutrux remembered to have the ballots printed with write-in spaces. You know, the strength of this year's

the President's wild ideas get implemented as well as whether he stays in office. I would and make the accusation that he has purposefully forgotten how important these elections are and for that matter did not permit the greatest number of students to be infoirmed. I think, however, deep down inside he has his own doubts and the pressure has hit him. But if we acknowledge the mistakes made, correct them, and pull together it cam be a successful year for student government at Missouri Southern.

Get out there and vote



Blaine Kelly

(Continued from last week)

The sociologist will incessantly argue that his job-or her job, if you think I'm flinging another satist remark for you to catch—is to be objective and analyze prejudice in a structured set of terms purely from a sociological standpoint, nothing moral or emotional to adulterate your thinking, in fact you are told that every idea in your head minione see has said, only better, and that none of your ideas are your own-a regimented philosophy unique to prejudical studies, which, if I believed, would lead me to commit suicide. This standpoint is of itself rather dogmatic and nonflexible, much like the prejudiced person.

If you limit yourself to this kind M ductless structure, you're blinding yourself to other forces around you and viewing the world through tunnel-vision. A sociological overview of prejudice, that outlines and defines the authoritarian personality as new which is very rigid and dogmatic in outlook, is in itself contributing to rigidity in outlook by saying: Look, you've got to look at the situation through our schematic and with the theories are have developed. And sociology is an music act science at that; another is psychology.

Do these two sciences really have a

connection La that aeroform something we call reality, as have they constructed their own selfcontained reality? Is life creating the science? uv is the aciesca now creating life in its own terms, placing findings where they seem to fit neatly, and force-feeding it down our throats?

But let me mitigate what I've just said, for it is only a speculation (and backed by enough examples and dissertation would be much like the theories the sociology of minority groups is built around) and I'm only attacking the contradiction mentioned earlier. I'd be foolish to think the study of prejudice and discrimination is all unreliable rejecture that's and of touch with reality-as out of touch as are all those people who swear by There's an alarming number of seminary students who are temples for this demigod, purely analytical by their nature-demonized, in need of exorcism. When one becomes unable laugh at one's self, unable to chuckle at an ethnic joke, something serious is happening. l can lough at a humorous essay that through exaggerating and sensationalizing depicts fly-fishermen as big snobs or explains how people who wear glasses don't deserve to live. If it has some genuine wit, I'm. not about to object to it.

It's almost the same thing as when in early 1978 the song "Short People" was dropped form the playlists of numerous radio stations because it caused public unrest. It seemed to me that any bubble-head could see the point the song expressed only too successfully-that of stressing the stupidity of serious-minded prejudice by using the absurd analogy of people below average beight-but instead certain people of below average IQ assigned composer Randy Newman with a misnomer of prejudice, never seeing the antiprejudice statement the song was trying tu make. Does this show us anything? Yes-for openers it tells you ill never he profound because people are that stupid to interpret your statement correctly; second, may a short people are indeed inferior if they're so inept to misinterpret a simple little song; and third, an inability to appreciate wellcrafted humor, aren if it employs ethnic ridicule and rash generalization, is unhealthy and inhuman.

Even my ERA editorial a couple of semesters ago was seen as all-out raunch and was sacrificed during public burnings because of a failure to recognize the between-the-lines of both men and women in the

women's rights issue; and after examining the piece with less than a gynecologist's scrutiny, you can see I was exhorbitant in insulting any own sex (making men look barbaric and lecherous) and comparatively lax im making women appear foolish. If you take offense, it's like reading a headline but ignoring the story behind it.

You see, some of us who are English majors and have interests in art and are humanoid are rather open (liberal) minded and, above all, open hearted. I can enjoy Dicken's comic realism as well as Gissing's sordid naturalism. Hawthorn's symbolism as well as Poe's psychological horrors. Fleetwood Mac's easygoing intelligence or Jackson Brown's prosuic poetic colors as well as Alice Cooper's demonic parodies or the Rolling Stones' sexist stance on "Some Girla"; I man judge society from all angles, am willing to question axioms, and am independent enough to draw my own conclusions and even take them with a grain of salt. As a creative individual at heart, it tugs on my heartstrings to know that there are so many narrowminded prisoners who can't unlock the shackles tof what they believe to be factual purism) that bind them to message it presented-one of hard times on the analytic merry-gomimicking the extremist attitudes round of hard intellectual light-or, rather, hard intellectual darkness.

Clark Swanson says:

For just a moment or two I would like to comment on the living and working conditions I am subjected in at this place called Missouri Southern. Although nat the most pleasant, they could be worse So if I may, it would please me to explain my present situa-Lim to those of you who don't understand.

Pirat let me start off by describing the living conditions this young artisan must endure. Two words rank describe the situation, Honors Hall Not to living con-

ditions are bad, but they are. And to make it worse they went and put other people down there with me. I thought they said I got the whole building for the 3545 I'm paying.

I guess the others aren't bad. In fact they're rather entertaining. Except for the God-sent staff assistant, who rarely staggers in before 4:30 a.m., all of them are either mentally ill or have a social disease. Then there is that man of great endurance, Freddie Ford. He runs so many girls through

his doorway, we finally installed a turnstile to keep track.

Then there is Jim and John or John and Jim. John is the kind of person that would steal your towel while you were in the shower. He doesn't me to have the decency to wait till you can dry off. Then there is Jim. What can you say about a person who two times his best girl back home then calls her long distance from a pay phone to tell her about his new girlfriend, collect no doubt.

Alright, in ten pices or less I shall describe The Chart staff to you. Small. We are by anyone's standards just a bit overworked and underpaid. We have to work with adverse conditions such as photographers, sportswriters, and freshman staff members.

And we can't forget our loving advisor who always seems too right to pur dismay. Just once I would like him to make a mistake.

Now you're asking

what does all this mean. To tell you honestly, I am not really sure except to say that it's all a part of life, that college is more than books and grades; it's learning to work with people. I feel very fortunate to have this experience of working with and living with these people.

I think that the student body as a whole forgets this fact in lieu of grades and other factors. But then as soon as we realize this fact. that is when we gain a complete education.

The Chart

Missouri's Best College Newspaper

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The Chart, the official

B.J. concludes story about Joplin's famous House of Lords

By Clark Swanson

Fourth in a series

His hollowed eyes continued to stare at the floor. His abot up there. body was motionless, his head bowed.

Then he spoke.

"I'm sorry for that," said B.J. "I don't feet too well. Can I have a cigarette?'

The stranger handed him mus.

"Where was I? Oh, yes. I was talking about Ike Mincks, the best cook in town.

"One thing you have to remember,"-and he began to drift again-"is that in those days things has the whore house and the gambling were accepted. People didn't raise a big fuss. Because the House of Lords was accepted. It was a place of entertainment for the people."

"Ike Mincks?" prompted the stranger.

"Oh, yeah, I have a funny story to tell you about him. One time when they was drafting men for World War I. Ike Mincks was drafted. But the head man at the load draft board kept Ike from going. He thought Ike's job of managing the House of Lords mire important than serving im the army.

"Anyways, there was a lot more than just food. Up on the second floor I'm told that sometimes \$60,000 would change hands in poker games. They also had a roulette table up there.

"Also, I hear that a few min were killed there, too. Oh, shit, I heard that men man killed a nigger there once, too. You have to remember that when it first opened, some men still carried guns. And I think a gambler or two was

"Have you heard of the Buckfoot gang?"

"No. I don't think so," said the stranger.

"Well, they made their headquarters at the House of Lords. Their big thing was swindling people at footraces. One man lost \$64 and a bank in Webb City lost \$55,000 to them in some kind of deal, but I can't remember what though.

Again he stopped.

"Is that all?" asked the stranger.

"Hell, no," said B.J.

"Well, please, continue."

"Can I have another cigarette?"

"Here, take the pack. I have another."

"The House of Lords was famous. Not just in Joplin, but all over the world. This is because of all the men that went to war."

"O.K.," said the stranger.

"You don't believe me."

"Oh, yes," said the stranger in a rather startled way.

"You know that they used to give parties for the men going away to war at the House of Lords. And then they would have a parade down to the train station. Those poor dumb sons of a bitches. I was in the war-not the first one, the second care. I know what laid ahead of them.

"You know what he funny to me. There was only one white person who worked in the kitchen. I don't know her name. Someone said Bradbury, but who knows. But this old friend of mine told me she made the best apple pie that there ever was. Gee, I wish I could have some apple pie. How about you?"

"It would be nice," said the stranger. And he did feel kind of drinking. It was for pleasure. rather empty by name.

"You know, I have never seen any of them, but I told there was some pictures of nude ladies in the bar. I hear that they was good looking, too."

"What else is there to say about the place?"

"Oh, have you heard about that painter, Benton, Damn, I can't remember his first name.

"Thomas Hart Benton," said the stranger.

"Yeah, that's it. He got his first job an an artist there. Yeah, he went in me day because he had heard of it. And I guess the boys they armed started teasing him because he was so young. But one man saw what he could do and sent him down to the newspaper office. And he got his first job there.

"It was almost a big business center there itself. Quite n To be continued

few deals were written down on table cloths. And they were too important to leave them so they took them with them when they left. You know, if I ever did that I would be busted."

B.J. stopped and just sat. He was sitting, gazing at the floor, wishing he could have been part of the madness he admired as much.

He continued to ramble on, explaining in rather vague detail how drinking and gambling were different in those

"Money came and went easy in those days. The miners considered Joplin the last frontier. They did a different

"It was a place of glamour in those days, and it meant something to people to go there and drink. The man who owned the newspaper at that time had a tunnel built over the alley from his office to the House of Lords so he could be with the boys when he wanted. It was a type of friendship. That's about all I know."

Suddenly he added, "I forgot to tell you the most important thing. How they got the name. Patton needed a name for the place. So he placed all the suggestions into a hat and drew them. He kept drawing them out until he found one he liked. Well, there happened to be an Englishman in town at the time. And he put the name The House of Lords in. Patton drew it out and liked it."

B.J. looked up and said, "Like all good things it came to an end. They killed it. When prohibition was passed, i killed the House of Lords."

Saudi Arabia clinging to tradition, sisters say

By Richard Polan

Despite their wealth, the people of Saudi Arabia are still clinging to time-honored customs and traditions, according to two Joplin area students who recently lived in the African nation.

Because Iffili parents still reside in Eauth Arabia, Brenda and Kathy asked that only their first names be used so they could be critical ni the Saudi government Withhule risk its their parents.

Their father, a Joplin native, works as an electrical engineer for Arab American Oil Company (ARAMCO), which is under control of the Saudi

The only fareigners allowed into the country are those who work for the government or ARAMCO. Asked if an American could go there just to sightsee. Kathy replied, "They probably wouldn't let you. People just don't go there to visit."

However, the two enjoyed their stay in Saudi Arabia and at least would like to return soon.

"It's fun there," said Kalhy, the younger of the sisters. "I want to go again next year. I like to travel. That's about the only thing l like to do."

Brenda seemed less enthusiastic. "I think it's okay," she said. "They didn't have cars until about five years ago. And they have some crazy drivers ower there.

"The police can take you away for no reason...They can pour acid on you."

Only men are allowed to drive in Saudi Arabia, and the country has a unique auto accident law.

"If you have a wreck with an Arab," Kathy explained. "it's automatically your fault. They figure if you weren't in the country, it wouldn't have happened."

Another item that took some getting used to was the tight censorship imposed by the Saudis.

"Everything is censored on TV," said Brenda "There isn't any kissing. Mil pornography."

"The police use come and take you away for no reason," she continued. "They can pour acid on you. And if you say anything against the King, they'd send you back (to your native country).

Kalhy related that "they step on your camera if they see you taking a picture of something they don't like." Brenda quickly siling, "But that's in extreme cases. Usually, they'll just expose your film."

The punishment for violent crimes is harsh. "You have to eat with your right hand," began Kathy. "If you steal, they cut your right hand all and manner has to feed you."

"And if you commit rape, they kill you in front of everybody."

If all this doesn't sound like your idea of paradise, take heart: It's always ammer in Saudi Arabia

"We lived by the Arabian Gulf," Brenda said. "And it got-how hot does it get, Kathy? About 115?"

"It got to be 120," Kathy recalled, "And because we lived by the water, it was humid. At Christmas, you can still go to the pools and stuff."

As would be expected with such a climate, the native dress is much different from that of the western world. Kathy explained that the man always wear white robes with scarf-like head dresses.

"And women all wear black," added Brenda. "Women can't show any part of their bodies."

The educational system in Saudi Arabia is also significantly different.

Continued on page 8

John Wood only one of maintenance staff

By Chad Stebbins

More than 40 persons make up the College maintenance department, yet relatively few others realize the type of work they do. Custodians, m painter, carpenters, m yard crew, mechanical maintenance men, and an auto mechanic all receive little recognition. But they are responsible for the overall upkeep and servicing of all college buildings and pro-

John Wood, assistant director of the physical plant, has much to do with the operation of the maintenance department.

I assume part of the work responsibility for Howard Dugan (director of the physical plant)," said Wood. "I take care of the things he doesn't have time for.'

Wood's duties include dispersing work to particular departments through work orders, requisitioning purchase orders, and assisting Dugan in making periodic inspections of the buildings.

Said Wood, "Basically, I'm a working supervisor. I don't stay in the office all that much. My job has been a new challenge to me. As the college grows, the job grows. I try to help Dugan all that I can.'

Wood is an stranger to Missouri Southern and this area. He has lived in Webb City all his life. In 1974 he received an associate degree in auto mechanics here. After that, Wood worked as a fleet mechanic for the college until September, 1976. He then worked as a mechanic for Goodyear. In August, 1976, Wood rejoined the staff at Southern.

"I hope to continue my education someday," said the assistant director. "I'd like to get # B.S. degree in management technology. Most college physical plant directors today have four-year degrees."

Work is done by the maintenance

department all year round.

Said Wood, "Summer is definitely our busiest time of the year. While most of the students are gone, we do a lot of catch-up work. We also complete other projects while the campus is empty. The yard rese is extremely busy with mowing and ground work. When school starts, we slow down to a certain extent."

Installation of ECON VI. an automatic, computer-based management system, designed to reduce operating expenses while improving the quality of staff and mechanical equipment, is nearly complete.

"We hope to be using it on m trial basis sometime this month," said Wood. "There was a slight delay in setting it up, but most of the wiring has been done in the buildings. ECON VI should save on energy costs and should save a lot of leg work by the maintenance crew."

The department also is working on a

study of all the parking lots on campus to determine the condition, availability, and how they might need improvements."

Said Wood, "We are also studying the roofing systems of some of the buildings in order to determine where repairs are needed."

Besides his never-ending job, Wood has a lot of outside interests.

Being a Christian, I'm very much involved with church activities, said Wood, "My wife and I teach a children's church service. I like to spend a lot of time with her and our two-year-old son.

Wood is an avid jogger, planning to enter his first marathon this fall in Nevada.

"I'm a long distance runner," said Wood. "I try to run about eight miles a day.

Continued on page 8

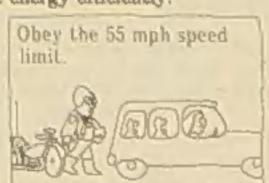
Agency makes energy recommendations

The U.S. Department of Energy has issued various recommendations on how to drive more efficiently, how to plan trips, how to care for your car and how to choose your next car, all with the intentions of saving energy, saving money.

Drive as a moderate speed. The most efficient range usually in 35 to 15 miles per hour and on the highway, where you may need to maintain a higher speed, stay at 55 m.p.h. Most automobiles get about 16 percent better mileage on the highway at 50 than at 65, and 20 percent better mileage at 55 than at 70 m.p.h.

Start and drive MI m smooth and steady pace. Press lightly but steadily on the accelerator so that you flow smoothly through traffic. Avoid unnecessary accelerating, braking, and tailgating.

Drive defensively, advises the Energy Department. Anticipate traffic flow IU to IE seconds ahead. Maintain 20 or 10 seconds of buffer space between your car and others around you-calculated by noting when the car ahead passes a fixed point. This gives you the necessary time and appear to drive safely and use energy efficiently.



Don't idle the motor for longer than 30 seconds. Idling gets zero miles to the gallon. Driving slowly for the first few minutes is a much more efficient way to warm the motor than excessive idling, even after the car has stood overnight. Also, turn off the ignition any time you expect to wait more than W seconds-restarting takes less gasoline than idling.

Keep windows closed when driving at highway speeds. Open windows increase wind resistance by creating drag. If the outdoor temperatures permit, use flow-through ventilation. If heating us cooling is needed, use m moderate setting, tells the Energy Department.

When planning trips, share the ride. About one-third of all private automobile mileage is for commuting. When two people ride together they use about half the gasoline required if each drove



Combine trips. Plan your trips to the store, to the library, to school, or to visit friends. You'll find one trip may serve two ur three purposes. Make your shopping or optional trips when traffic is lightest, and return home before the rush hour starts. Patronize your nearest stores if possible.

Eliminate unnecessary trips. Find one trip a day which might be better handled, even eliminated, by telephoning, writing, as combining with another trip.

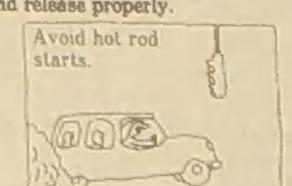
In caring for your car check tire pressures regularly. Keep tires inflated to the manufacturer's highest recommended level. Most such recommendations are for cold pressure, so buy m good quality guage and take readings before starting out. Become familiar with the differences between your tires' cold and hot pressures, and adjust accordingly. You can improve mileage one percent for every two pounds of

tire pressure needed to bring them up to standard.

Replace all four tires with radials, says the Energy Department. They will generally give 3 to 5 percent improvement in gas mileage in the city, and up to 10 percent on the highway. When you buy a new car, specify radials. They will last longer, give better mileage, and often provide better steering qualities. But don't mix radials with conventional tires-it can be dangerous.

Have wheels properly aligned. Improper wheel alignment can increase fuel use and cause unnecessary tire wear. A regular alignment check is a good idea. Also check the alignment after the wheels have had a jolt from striking potholes, bumps, or curbs.

Have your brakes adjusted. Brakes that drag or grab unevenly rob you of gasoline, and can be dangerous. He sure that the brakes both grip and release properly.



Use gasoline of the proper octane rating. The owner's manual gives the gasoline octans rating and gasoline type recommended by the auto manufacturer. What you want is octane just high enough to prevent knocking.

Check and change oil and oil filter at recommended intervals. Every time you add gasoline, check the oil, Dirty or low oil level can cause friction and wear that rob you of gasoline mileage and can seriously damage your engine.

Use a good quality SAE multi-grade

(multi-viscosity) oil. Look for the API SE rating on the container. Multi-grade oils like 10W-30 and 10W-40 help reduce internal engine friction and give better gasoline mileage than single-grade oils. Do not use an oil of higher viscosity than recommended in your owner's manual since heavier oils tend to infriction and decrease milespar-gallon efficiency. A lower viscosity oil such as 5W-30 is recommended for winter months in a cold climate. Consider using super oils. They increase fuel economy and give better protection against weer of motor parts. Always use oils that are marked SE.



Do the little things prudence requires, instructs the Energy Department. Don't overfill the gas tank; eliminate any chance of spillage. Don't carry unnessary weight since for every additional 100 pounds, mileage goes down as much se fourtenths of a mile per gallon. For safety sake, never carry a can of gesoline in the trunk.

Have an engine tune-up.

When choosing a new car consult the "Gas Mileage Guide for New Car Buyers" available free from any dealer or by writing Fuel Economy, Boulder, Colo. 81009. The pamphlet gives the most complete and accurate information available on the relative fuel economy performance of all current model cars, station wagons, and light trucks. The estimates are in terms of miles per gallon measured on the Environmental Protection Agency's standardized fuel economy test.

What's happening

On Campus:

GAY RIGHTS DEBATE September 14, Friday 11:00 a.m. Taylor Auditorium

At the Movies

NORTHPARK CINEMA I: Meatball with Bill Murrey

NORTHPARK CINEMA II: Breaking Away with Paul Dooley and Dennis Christopher

EASTGATE I: The Muppet Movie with Familities Frog and Miss Piggy

EASTGATE II: Rocky with Sylvesier Stallone and Talia Shire

EASTQATE III: The Amilyville Hortor with James Brolin and Margot Kidder

Elsewhere

September 21, Friday The Statier Brothers Barbara Mandell Tulsa Assembly Center, # p.m. Tickets: \$8.00, \$7.00, \$6.00

Carson Attractions 100 Civic Center Tulsa, Okia, 74103 (Self-addressed stamped envelope plus IIII cents for handling)

September 25, Tuesday The Oirt Band Uptown Theatre, 3700 Broadway Kansas City, Mo

September 25, Tuesday Stonley Clarke The Old Lady of Brady Boulder Brady Street Tuisa, Oklahoma

September 28, Friday Waylon Jennings Hank Williams, Jr. Municipal Auditorium, Kansas City, Kans Tickets: \$9.50, \$8.50, \$7.50

> Send self-addressed stamped envelope to "Waylon Jennings Show" P.O. Box 350 Shawnee Mission, KS. 56201 (Include 50 cents handling charge per ticket)

September 30, Sunday KISS Municipal Auditorium

8 p.m. Tickels \$10 reserved

> Capital Tickets P.O. Box 3428 Kansas City, Kansas 66103

(Self-addressed stamped envelope plus 50 cents per ticket service charge)

October 3, Wednesday Jean-Luc Ponty Memorial Hall, Kansas City, Kans. Tickets Bil 50. 8 p.m.

> P.O. Box 3428 Kansas City, Kansas BEI 03

(Self-addressed stamped envelope plus 50 cents per ticket service charge)

Capital Tickets

October 4, Tuesday REO Speedwegon 8:00 p.m. Tulse Assembly Center Tickets \$7.00

Carson Attractions 100 Civic Center Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103 (Include self-addressed stamped envelope)

October 8, Monday Tom Waits Uplown Theatre 3700 Broadway Kansas City, Mo.

October 14, Sunday Peter Frampton Memorial Hall, 8 p.m. Tickets \$8.50 reserved

Capital Tickets P.O. Box 3428 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 (Self-addressed stamped envelope plus 50 cents per ticket service charge)

the Arts-

'Best Years' to be shown Tuesday night

The Missouri Southern Film Society will begin its 18th season of filling with an Open House to be held in the United floor rotunds area of the College Union building. The Best Years of Our Lives, will Im shown an 7:30 p.m. Tulminy. No admission will be charged he this program

The Best Years of Our Lives, produced in 1948, won nine Oscars (including Fast Picture, Actor, Director. Writer and Supporting Actor). The New York Film Critics Award (for Best Picture and Director), and numerous international awards. This acclaimed classic, portraying the problems of with mes returning from war, is as timely as ever. The film centers an three World War II servicemen: Sgt. Stephenson (Fredric March), whose daughter has grown up during his absence; Fred Derry (Dana Andrews), whose wife has grown astranged from him; and Homer Parrish (Harold Russell), a young as or who has lost his hands in combat

Season tickets are now on same for the 10-show film series which will begin Oct. 2 with Orson Welles' The Trial starring Anthony Perkins and Welles himself. On Oct. 16 the pre-Nazi film, Liebelei will be shown Playtime, a delightful color film by French master of comedy, Jacques Tati, will be presented Oct. 30. On Nov. 13, Rembrandt, starring Charles Laughton, will be shown. Orde Carl Dreyer's supremely religious illin is slated for Nov. 27. Three documentaries will be presented on the Jan. 29 program. La Terra Trema, a story of people dominated by the Maña, is the Feb. 12 program. The silent shocker, Warning Shadows, will be presented March 11 The brilliant Hiroshima Mon Amour will be shown March 25 and the final program, Zvenigoro, an epic Russian drama, will be on April 8. Season tickets are \$5 for adults mail \$4 for students. Financial assistance is being provided for the series by the Missouri Arts Council.



Frederic March, with his screen family, stars in the movie "Best Years of Our Lives" to be shown Tuesday night in the College Union third floor rotunda.

Faculty art exhibit on display in gallery

Faculty Exhibit opened Sunday in the Balcony Gallery of the Fine Arts Building. The exhibit will conclude Sept. and is in conjunction with the Spive Art Center's opening season exhibit, "Nine Women Artiets "79".

Featured in the faculty exhibit are Nat Cole, associate professor of art. Val Christensen, assistant professor of art and director of Spiva Art Center, Inc., Jon H. Fowler, Serietent professor of art, Judy Noble Fowler, part-time instructor, Garry Hess, instructor of art, and Darral A. Dishman director of art.

Cole's works include acrylic pain-

The annual Missouri Southern Art tings representing country people working at gardening and harvesting. The otherwise commonplece situations are made abstract to give the image a decorative formality. The artist fragments the pictorial space, with extended lines and planes, interchanging flat color was with threedimensional form which captures an atmosphere of nostalgia.

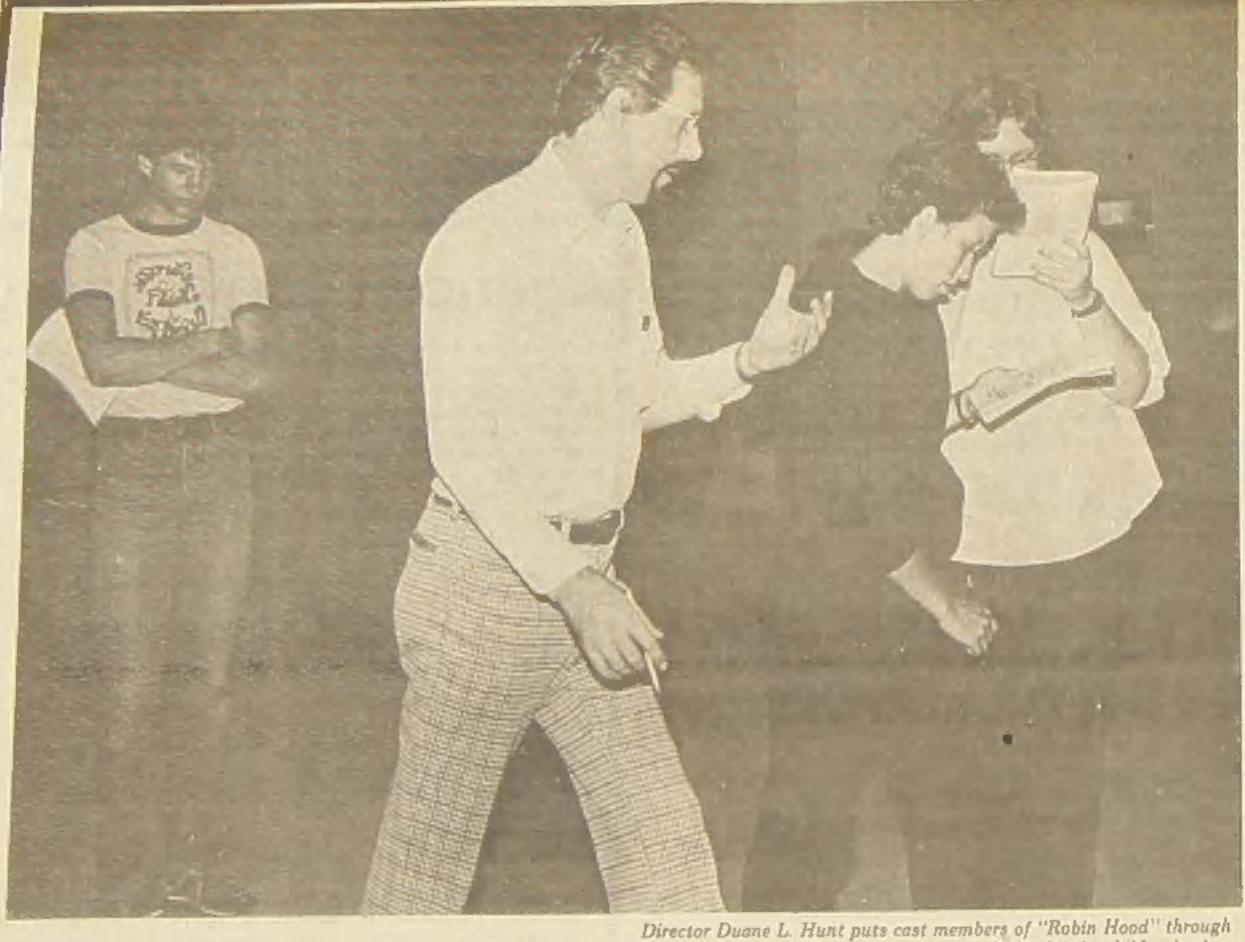
> Christensen, newly appointed direcof the Spive Art Center, finds that making art is a "serendipitous sctivity." He says he enjoys the experience of discovery, "of finding relationships by manipulating media." His special interest is print-

Another printmaker, Judith Noble Fowler, is a part-time instructor in the department. Her remed work in the intaglio printing process combines figurative and abstract images in black and white as well as color. Fowler's prints may also be seen in the current exhibit at the Spiva Art Center, "Nine Women, Artists, '79"

Darral Dishman's work for many years has expressed the theme of man in nature and Garry Hess uses a variety of processes to fashion jewelry designs including construction, forging and lost wax casting-his favorite method, He does many designs in silver, but specializes in doing his custom work in gold.

Recent pottery designs by Jon Fowler combine his interest in figurative images with more traditional pottery forms. He also is interested in was and clay sculpture. part of the early formation of a piece for bronze casting. With the completion of a foundry this fall in the department, he will be able to pursue this interest toward a finished bronze sculpture.

The public is invited to view the exhibit 2 a.m. to 4 p.m. weekdays, 9 a m. to noon Saturdays and 5 to 5 p.m. Sundays.



the paces of blocking as rehearsals begin for the children's play.

'Robin Hood' cast

The Missouri Southern Theatre has announced the cast list for this year's tirst children's theatre production, Robin Hood. Those cast include: Karla Hicks, Carthage, as Fitzooth (Mother Hood), Maureen Mc-Cullough, Joplin, as Maid Marion Fitzwater; Warren Mayer, Neosho, as Effel Rottingnail (Herald No. 1 and bill collector); Zander Brietzke, Joplin, as Robert of Locksley (Robin Hood); Tim Warren, Webb City, as Archibad, the Sheriff of Nottingham; Mike Williams, Neosho, as Sir Guy of Gisbourne; Steve Carroll, Joplin, as Frier Tuck; Robert Lip-

pincott, Joplin, Little John Little; J. Todd Belk Joplin, as Will Scarlet; David Stephens, Carl Junction, as Eric of Linden; Jim Blair, Galena, KS, as Adam Nosbung (Herald No. 2, and Sheriff's henchman); Annie Post, Joplin, as Agravains (the Sheriff's wife); Maura Holmes, Carl Junction, as Ruth (village woman); Kathy Ness, Joplin, as Heather (village woman); Brenda Michael, Purdy, as Serena (court lady to Agravaina); and Barry Martin, Joplin, na Alan a Dala (Minstrel Singer and Story Teller).

Tryouts scheduled

The Missouri Southern Theatre announces tryout auditions for Agatha Christie's long-lived murder mystery, The Mousetrap. In its 27th year in London, The Mousetrap holds the world record for the longest continuous theatrical run.

Auditions will in held in Taylor Auditorium on Wednesday, Sept. 19 at 2 p.m. and Thursday, Sept. 20, at 4 p.m. Audition material should be a memorized piece from any play, two to three minutes in length. Two short selections showing maximum

contrast preferred. The Introduction to the selection should contain the play, author, the characters and the mann of the individual auditioning. Simple improvisations and script readings from the play may also be requested by the director. Tryouts are private auditions before the director and the theatre staff.

All students, staff, and administration of Southern are eligible to try out for The Mousetrap. Production dates for the play are scheduled for Oct. 31 and Nov. 1, 2, and 3.



A Major effort...



Major's intense concentration and physical skills are evidence why he holds the Southern record for most shutouts (10) in a season (1978).



George Major mentally prepares himself for the match against UMR in which an registered his first shutout of the year.



Lions win over Rolla

By Shaun Show

Climaxed by three goals in the sacond hall and a spectacular save Soon afterward, Todd Lanston

Lions pulled out in front early in the second hall when tri-captain Rick Ruzicka rifled a panalty kick into the opposing net. The penalty kick was given to the Lions "Scoring the first goal," Ruzicka when w Lion forward, Alberto Escober, was illegally pushed

away from the ball while he said been controlling in the man at the opposing goal

by goalie George Majors, the scored another goal for the Lions, Missouri Southern soccer Lions assisted by Escobar. Jeff Cinscored a 3-0 victory were the drich copped the Lion scoring University of Missouri-Rolla im after the ball had passed hands 3-0 victory action last Saturday as the home from Tim Behnen and Chuck Wommack Johnston leads players an the Lion roster in After a scoreless first half, the career goals with 15. Ruzicka's penalty kirk marked the tills sarran good scored by had in white will be his fourth year of play.

> "of the game is always a big lift on the team. We were always

pretty much in control of the genne (against Rolla) but goals scored after that first non seem much easier in come by."

Another highlight of the germs summ when Major blocked a penalty kick by Rolla in the second half which would have narrowed the Lion lead down to 2-1.

"The referees," said Ruzicka, "ruled [Rob] Lonigro pushed see of their players away from the half in what was a controversial call. A similar controversial call lost as a game against Columbia last year. You just shouldn't be giving penalty kicks away like that They're too important."

Soon after the save, Lonigro kicked the ball back away from the opponent's goal in another fine play. No other really serious threats games from Diese in the contest as the Lions west them I for the second consecutive year. The Lions hold a 6-0-1 career record against

"Rolls was a lot tougher," Ruzicka, "than I had expected them to be. All of their starters were talented and some of their substitutes ware surprisingly good players, also. I think was could have scored more goals on them though. The balls just Continued on party 9



Photography by Greg Sanders

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4th & GOAL

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By John Roberts

There comes a time in every athlete's career when his simply im longer good enough to keep him at the top of his profession. After being chopped up 6-3, 6-3, 7-5 in the semi-linal round of the U.S. Open Tennis Championships by upstart John McEnroe, Jimmy Connors must now know that the time has come for him.

Shortly after being eliminated in last year's Wimbledon Classic, the now 27-year-old star declared, "I'm not dust yet." And, in all fairness it would have been (and still is) premature to write his epitaph. There is still a lot of fine tennis left in his racquet. At the mame time, however, it is clear that Connors is not the dominating player he once was. Instead of being regarded as THE BEST player in the world, he is now thought of in minu of ONE OF THE BEST

Well aware of the fact Connor's skills are slowly eroding, many touring pros no longer themit drawing the scrappy attar. The air of invincibility is gone. On the other side of the coin, Connors doesn't seem to have the confidence of years gone by. In his most recent clashed with the brilliant Bjorn Borg, he has appeared resigned to defeat before the matches even began

Borg, however, isn't the only pro who has Connor's number-the match against 20-year-old McEnroe is proof enough of that That McEnroe has now edged out his 7-year senior as the world's number two player is a bit fronto in that he is a mirror-image of a younger Connors. Like the former champion McEnroe | young, brash, confident, aggressive, and extremely gifted.

When viewing the Connors-McEnroe semi-finals match at Flushing Meadows. New York, one got the impression of an aging Muhammed All in B title bout. Like All, Connors still had the style and crowd support, but the sting of his punches had vanished. It was a sad, yet may tacke speciacle.

There are still a few die-hard Connors supports who will argue that this was only one poor showing and that their hero still holds a 6-3 advantage over McEnroe, as well as a slight advantage over Borg In head-to-head matches.

Granted, this match was not one of Connor's vintage efforts, but when was the last time he was at Ns best? Was it a year ago when he defeated an injured . org in the same tournament? And yes, he does hold an advantage in all-time matches over Borg and McEnroe, but how many of those wins have come in the last two years?

Before an early round match in the U.S. Open with Ilya Nastase young McEnroe was asked to seems his chances against the volatile Rumanian. The confident youngster replied, "He was a great player was. He is not a great player anymore." He could well have been talking about Jimmy Connors.

FOURTH & GOAL'S FOOTBALL FORECAST.....

can cope with

It took a few last ditch rallies and a little luck, but the Fourth & Goal forecaster hung tough for the second consecutive week by picking 10 wins aut of 13 contests (no prediction was made an the Monday night contest due to an oversight). Matching this weekend's success may be a difficult task, but here's how I sae it in the upcoming week

BALTIMORE AT *CLEVELAND—The Brown's home field advantage gives them the edge against a crippled Colt squad.

*DENVER AT ATLANTA—Broncs continue to struggle offensively, but Orange Crush defense will pose more problems than Falcon's defense

DETROIT AT 'NEW YORK JETS-Jets will finally get untracked at home.

*NEW ENGLAND AT CINCINNATI-Patriots exploded last week for 56 points while Bengals took their lumps from Buffalo. Things shouldn't change that drastically this week.

PHILADELPHIA AT *NEW ORLEANS—Pretty much a tossup, but Archie Manning's arm and the home field advantage should give the Saints their first win.

KANSAS CITY AT 'HOUSTON-The Chiefs tooked terrible in the first half against Cleveland with Mike Livingston calling the signals, but gave the Browns a scars when rookle Steve Fuller came on the second half. Houston was terrible the entire game, but against Pittsburg who isn't? Might be closer than many expect. . . . Oilers get the nod.

*MIAMI AT MINNESOTA-Tommy Kramer and Vikes are running hot and cold. ... this week they're cold.

*TAMPA BAY AT GREEN BAY-Bucs are for real and will prove it again this week against the not-yet-back Pack.

BUFFALO AT *SAN DIEGO-Bills put 51 points on the board against the Bengals, but they will wish they had saved a few for the offensive-minded Chargers.

CHICAGO AT *DALLAS-Cowboys not likely to disappoint their fans by dropping this one to the Bears. Peyton will need 200 yards for the Bears to slay in the contest.

OAKLAND AT 'SEATTLE-Jim Zorn always gives the Raiders fils and this week will be no exception.

*PITTSBURG AT ST. LOUIS-Tough to go against fine Super Steelers. Cards may make it surprisingly close, however.

SAN FRANCISCO AT *LOS ANGELES-L A. all the way.

NEW YORK GIANTS AT "WASHINGTON-Personnel about even, but 'Skins being at home should make the difference.

LAST WEEK-10-4 pct. 714

OVERALL-20-7 pct. 740

THIS WEEK-10-3 pct. 769 (No prediction on Monday night game)

-southern-Sports-Lions begin season with win over CMSU

Missouri Southern football fans will learn not to come late when the Lions take the field from this point on. To Mart off the season, Senior Vince Featherson took the opening kick-off 3 yards in the end zone, evaded tacklers up to the Lion 35 yard line, then proceeded to sprint all the way into the Mule's end zone. All in about 13 seconds.

Southern went me to win the game, 14-10, but Lion fens watching in Hughes Stadium last Saturday night were never to witness any more spectacular plays as the team racked up only 232 offensive yards in the contest. That proved to be enough, however, as the Lions held the Mules to 186 total offensive yards in the process.

"Our defense," said head coach Jim Frazier, "played well, as did their defense. The total performance by 'the game green' was good. I was disappointed though because we couldn't sustain an offensive drive in the game.

Unable to produce any many points tral Missouri's turn to fumble.

in the first half, the Lions settled for a 7-7 helftime scare after 170-pound back George Taylor ran from 3 yards out to score Central's first touchdown in the second quarter, capping a 46 yard drive by the

With both defenses successfully stopping their opponents, the uncond half seemed a struggle between the kickers. Rick Kane, . Southern rookie, ended the monotony, however, when he fumbled a punt return with 2:18 gone in the fourth period. The Mules recovered the mistake on the Lion 29 yard line and soon capitalized with a pro-like performance by Mule kicker Burt Keys who booted the ball 43 yards to give his team = 10-7 advantage and their first lead of the contest.

Behind by 3, Lion fans had reason to worry when the Lions falled name more to produce an offensive drive that would change the scare Penalties and mistakes remained to he a key factor in the game, however, and this time it was CenAlter being forced inside their 10 yard line by m holding call, junior linebacker Charley Collins collided with running back, Randy Oldham of Central. The end result, Lion ball, first and ten on the Muls 5 yard line. Sophomore tailback Thaddeus Smith took the hall in from there, giving the Lions a 14-10 advantage late in the fourth period after barefoot kicker John Moore added his second extra point of the even-

From then on, the Lion defense held the Mules back and threatened to some again, near the game's end, when they recovered a Mule fumble inside their ten yard line. This time, however, the Lions failed to capitalize. Smith lad all ball-carriers in the game, grinding out 85 yards and 12 carries. Fred Ford, alternating with Smith at tailback, added 33 yards on 8 attempts.

"Central Missouri State," said Frazier, "has a fine, physical team. We were very fortunate to beat them. Field position was a real problem for as and our penalties and

missed assignments always stopped "He added, "We executed better against them (Mules) than previously during the year, but I feel we shouldn't be stopping ourselves. We need to be more of an opportunist."

Frazier had a right to be pleased with the Lion's defense as they held the Mules to 10 first downs compared to 14 by the Lions. Both teams had 10 flags thrown against them, the Lions losing 105 yards in penalties whild the Mules giving up

"Our offense had no major problems." said Frazier, "We just couldn't get any sort of rhythm going. Without question though, the kicking game and aggressive defensive play had to be major factors in the game. "(Place kicker) Moore did a good job for us, despite his 34.6 punting average. Some of his kicks bounced back on un more they hit the ground."

Tryouts for women's basketball to begin

begin on Monday, Sept. 24. The schedule was recently announced by coach G.I. Willoughby to a group of 25 interested participants. The preseason conditioning program begins each morning at 6:15 in Young gymnasium, for all girls interested in playing basketball for the Lions who aren't currently participating im volleyball competition.

'We have to start at 6:15 a.m.," said Willoughby, "because the women's volleyball and men's basketball teams will be using the floor in the afternoons. Practices will start at 2 p.m. after volleyball season ends though." His added, "If we had a new gymnasium built it would really help out because we wouldn't have

Tryouts for the women's basketball to practice so early. If the girls team at Missouri Southern are set to aren't willing to get up at 6 a.m. for three weeks though, then they probably wouldn't make other sacrificies later on in the season. It takes a total commitment to participate in the sport."

> Tryouts for the basketball team will he conducted for three weeks after which the team will be cut down to Ili players. The regular season practices will then be held for three more weeks prior to the Lions' first game of the masum.

> "The pre-season program," said Willoughby, "in designed to get the girls' bodies and lungs in shape enough an that they can play a whole game. I hope the workouts will allow them to practice for about two hours with few intervening breaks during

the regular practices."

She added, "I've found out from past experience that the pre-season program helps to eliminate injuries such as sprained ankles and bad knees later on in the season, simply because the girls are already in good condition.

Two days from each week in the preseason program will be spent nu circuit training. This will consist of twelve different stations with 11/4 minutes to be spent at each activity before rotating in the next station down the line. The whole program will be executed for 45 minutes and will consist of jumping rope, hitting B basketball against wall, dribbling without looking at the ball, passing an eight pound ball around, and other agility drills designed to get the body in shape.

On the other three days of the week, drills will be performed on jumping. coordination, and moving the ball around. Runs of up to two miles long and weight training will also be performed. Concentration on team offense, defense, and dribbling won't take place until the regular season begins. Willoughby commented about the upcoming season.

"It's hard," said Willoughby, "to hold down a jub and play a sport at the same time. You've got to love the sport in order to do it. There's no mason why hard work can't be fun and anjoyable though. I try to make all the hard work as pleasant as possible while making it a learning experience in the process."

Volleyball Lions to open season tomorrow

Competition begins for CeCe Chamberlin's Lady Volleyball Lions tomorrow and Saturday as they enter the Kansas State University Volleyball Tournament.

KSU's tourney will consist of four pools of five teams each. Each pool will play a round robin schedule. with the top two teams in each pool advancing to a division and playoff, and the third and fourth place teams entering a division two playoff.

Northern Colorado returns to defend its 1978 Championship in the 20-team affair. Other participating colleges and universities include Kansas, Kansas State, Missouri, Oklahoma State, Tulsa, Iowa State, Wichita State, Drake, Oral Roberts, Nebraska, Graceland, Missouri-Kansas City, Kearney State, Wayne State, Emporia State, Pittsburg State, Missouri Western, Benedictine, and the Lady Lions.

"We're excited about opening our season in the Kansas State tourney," commented Chamberlin. "We're hoping to use the tournament as an opportunity to get together as a team. We have so many new players that it's going to take time before we can mesh together as a unit."

"We have 14 volleyball players and not a bad one on the team," continued Chamberlin. "It's too early to

cite any outstanding individuals; everyone on the team is nearly

After the trip to Manhattan, the Lady Lions will journey to Kansas City Sept. 18 for matches against Avila College and University of Missouri-Kansas City. Friday, Sept. 21 finds the Lady Lions in Tablequah, Okla., to battle the host NEOSU Lady Reds and Central Oklahoma State.

Soccer from page 7

weren't going in us well as they could have."

Southern took 21 shots at the goal compared with 9 by Halla. The Lions also led in corner kicks (7-2), but committed 22 fouls in Rolla's 10.

'We played rough," said Ruzicka, when we should have, while they were putting pressure on us in the game. We were rough where it counted, also, outside the penalty

area. Our center backs were especially rough. They need to be rough, however. They are out there to try and stop the ball."

He added, "We have a pretty aggressive team, but all of the good teams in our area are super agressive. I think that our backs have frightened other teams away from the ball at times while they were being super aggressieve."

Saturday the Lions will play host at 1:30 p.m. to Bethany Nazarene College, a team made up of foreign players.

"Since we'll be playing foreigners," Ruzicka said, "we need to be at our best no matter what. I haven't had much trouble with foreigners in the past, though. They all seem to like being individualists instead of playing together as a team. They usually ter atmosphere.'

just take the ball and do their thing with it."

He added, "We have a good team here because we don't have any superstars. There are 20 players on our team that our come in and play good ball any time in the game. Our shutout (against Rolla) was a credit to a total team effort. We have a lot of unity on our team and we play well together. It all makes for a bet-

Arabia from page 5

YIt's harder than here," said Kathy. "I had algebra in the eighth gradeand you can't have it until the ninth."

All the teachers have at least master's degrees," she continued. And they get paid twice what they do here."

'Arabic is required. Classes are very small, with individual attention. You get the months of August, December, and April off."

The native religion in Saudi Arabia is Muslim, which creates special problems for the foreigner.

"When you pray you have to pray towards Mecca (a capital ofSaudi Arabia)," said Kathy. "You pray five times a day. Some guy put in a row of toilets that faced the wrong way. Your- cannot face Mecca. He had to take them out and put them in the other way."

One good point about Saudi Arabia, as you may have guessed, is the price of gasoline.

"Twenty-seven cents a gallon." said Kathy. "And employees, (of ARAM-CO) get it free.'

"Really, it's not too bad," said Bren-

Woods from page 5

Said Wood, "I want to enter the Boston Marathon someday, but I'm a long way from achieving the qualifying time."

He recently purchased an old house and is remodeling it.

'Hopefully I'll sell it; then maybe I'll buy another and start all over again," he explained.

Wood enjoys working at Missouri Southern.

'My job is challenging," said Wood. There is a lot of variety in what I do. I feel that the college is run very well right new. Our maintenance department is running as well as it ever has."

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